

הטכניון-מכון טכנולוגי לישראל הפקולטה להנדסת מכונות

הנך מוזמן/ת להרצאה סמינריונית של הפקולטה להנדסת מכונות, שתתקיים ביום בי 25.06.2018 (יבי בתמוז, תשעייח), בניין דן קאהן, אודיטוריום 1, 30

ולרי פרומקין : <u>מרצה</u> :

<u>מנחה</u> : פרופי/ח מורן ברקוביץי

## <u>על הנושא</u>:

## Thermocapillary flow actuation and control

The seminar will be given in Hebrew

## <u>תקציר ההרצאה :</u>

Thermocapillary flow describes the motion of a liquid in response to temperature gradients induced on its interface with another fluid. While thermocapillary flows have been extensively studied, their potential as a driving mechanism for microscale flows has not been tapped. In this talk I will present our experimental work, aimed at leveraging the thermocapillary effect for actuation and manipulation of liquids in microfluidic devices. First, I will consider a thermocapillary dipole induced in a Hele-Shaw cell under a steady temperature gradient. I will demonstrate how such dipole flow can act as a thermocapillary motor for driving fluids in microfluidic circuits. In addition, I will show how the principles behind the thermocapillary dipole can be applied in order to drive thermocapillary swimmers on fluid-liquid interfaces. Second, I will demonstrate how thermocapillary flows can be induced in closed channels, by means of super-hydrophobic surfaces.



Figure 1: Left: Theoretically predicted streamlines for a thermocapillary dipole in a Hele-Shaw cell. Right: An experimental measurement of a doublet flow obtained by stacking multiple images taken with one second interval between each two images. The diameter of the circular reservoir is 5 mm, the depth is 0.5 mm, and the temperature difference between the hot and the cold sides of the reservoir is 0.5 degrees Celsius .

## בברכה,

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